

Causes and Effects of Migration in Thayetchaung Township, Tanintharyi Region

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Abstract

This paper examines the causes and effects of migration in Thayetchaung Township, Tanintharyi Region, Myanmar. It will focus on the relationship between rural-urban migration and agricultural development in this area. The purpose of the study is to make an analysis and give insights on rural-urban migration and its effects on the agricultural development, focusing on some villages in this area. In this study, the structured interview questionnaires are used to collect data from the respondents in this area. Both primary data and secondary data are also used in it. The structured interview and qualitative methods of household survey based on the theoretical concept proposed by Ravenstein and Lee will be applied in this paper. According to Ravenstein's theory, characteristics of migrants such as gender, age group, and family status will be examined. The study supports a policy aimed at reducing rural-urban migration flows by using the results of the study to persuade the government to provide technical supplies and adequate extension services, and to give subsidy in order to achieve a significant breakthrough in the agricultural sector as agriculture activities and perennial crops cultivation.

Keywords: rural urban migration, gender, age group

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